Year 1 Spring Term Science Knowledge Organiser

KEY QUESTION: How can we group animals?



amphibians	Amphibians live in the water as babies and on land as they grow older. They have smooth, slimy skin.	
birds	All birds have a beak, two legs, feathers and wings.	
fish	Fish live and breathe under water. They have scaly skin, fins to help them swim and they breathe through gills.	
mammals	Mammals are animals that breathe air, grow hair or fur and feed on their mother's milk as a baby.	
reptiles	All reptiles breathe air. They have scales on their skin.	

plants and meat.

Animals including Humans Vocabulary

carnivore	head	nose	gills
herbivore	foot	mouth	fins
omnivore	stomach	ear	fur
mammal	back	wings	hair
reptile	shoulder	scales	skin
bird	neck	feathers	see
fish	elbow	claws	hear
amphibian	knee	talons	touch
hand	toes	paws	taste
arm	fingers	shell	smell
leg	eyes	beak	senses









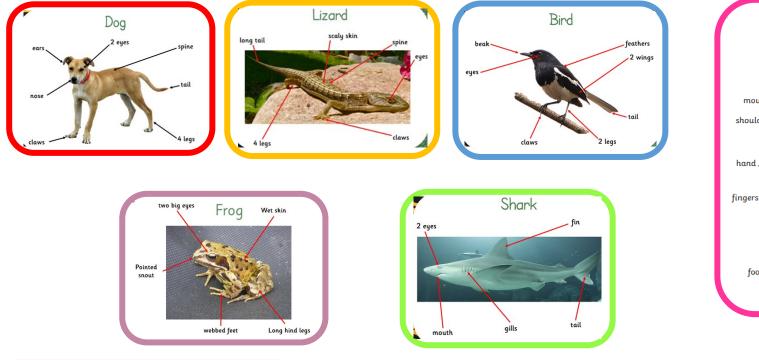






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Animals and humans have different body structures



Your eyes let you see all the things sight around you. Your ears let you listen to all the hearing things around you. Your brain is able to tell what different sounds are. Your skin gives you the sense of touch touch. You can tell if something is warm, cold, smooth or rough without even looking at it! Your sense of taste comes from your taste tongue. You can tell if something tastes bitter or sweet. You might have some tastes you like and some you don't. You smell using your nose. Your smell nose can tell if things smell nice or not nice

Humans have 5 senses to help us receive and process information from the world around us.



Activities to complete at home

1. Take a photo of your pet to show everyone and talk about it at school.

2. Research Carnivores, Herbivores and Omnivores. Can you make a list of any of them ?

3. Visit the library and look for some books about animals, to find out some more information about them.

4. Think of some activities you like to do. Which of the 5 senses do you need to use to do them ?

